# A SMALL SAGE APHID 

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The following report deals with an apparently undescribed genus and species of sagebrush aphid. Distribution records for a few species in the genus Microsiphum are also included.

## Zyxaphis Knowlton, new genus

Size small; head with antennal tubercles undeveloped; antennae six segmented (sometimes with tendency for antennals III and IV to not fully separate) ; sensoria of antennae circular to subcircular, not abundant; fore wings with the media twice branched; hind wings with both media and cubitus present; cornicles truncate, sub-cylindrical, not longer than thick; cauda slightly developed, with numerous hairs and with some tendency to be angular at apex; anal plate rounded; lateral tubercles on abdomen prominent; reticulated areas on cuticula of abdomen.

Type, Zyxaphis utahensis Knowlton.
Zyxaphis utahensis Knowlton, new species
Alate vivipara: Size small, body 1.52 to 1.6 mm . long and .72 to .8 wide across abdomen; ocular tubercles well developed; antennal tubercles undeveloped; antennae .64, dusky to blackish and imbricated beyond antennal II; antennal III and IV with a tendency not to fully divide (on 2 of the antennae); antennal III, .16 mm long with 2 to 4 sensoria; IV, . 112 to .15 with 0 to 1 sensorium; V, . 128 to .132 ; VI, .093 plus .078 , to .096 plus .08 ; restrum reaching second coxae, tip acute, rostral IV $+\mathrm{V}, .14 \mathrm{~mm}$. long; wing venation normal, media twice branched; hind tibiae pale to dusky near apex, .51 to .61 mm . long; hind tarsi .07 to .115 ; lateral portions of body cuticle reticulated in some areas; lateral tubercles prominent; cornicles . 033 , dusky, truncate, about as broad as long, shortcylindrical in shape, imbricated; cauda short, dusky, broadly triangular with blunt apex; abdominal tubercles well developed.

Collection: Taken on Artemisia tridentata at Mt. Carmel, Utaf, May 24, 1940, by G. F. Knowlton. Type in the collection of the writer.

